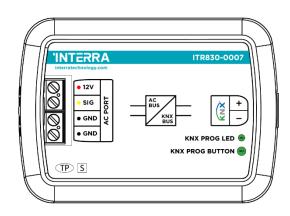


Arcelik Air Condition Units

AC - KNX Gateway

Product Manual



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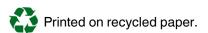
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1. Content of The Document

This document contains Interra brandmark's ITR830-0007 Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway coded devices' electronic and all essential feature information for programming these products. In each subtitle is explained the characteristics of the device. Modifications of the product and special change requests are only allowed in coordination with product management.



2. Product Description

ITR830-0007 is an air conditioner gateway used for monitoring and controlling all the functioning parameters of Arcelik air conditioners via the KNX bus line. Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway is compatible with models in VRV types categorized in the compatibility list sold by Arcelik.

Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway has an easy installation feature and can be installed inside the own AC indoor unit or a proper location away from the air conditioner, it connects one side directly to the electronic circuit of the AC indoor unit and in the other side directly to the KNX bus so, Arcelik Gateway provides bidirectional communication between KNX and AC bus.

- ➤ 12V/SIG/GND bus connections can be made up to 50 meters away. The bus terminal connects the AC indoor unit and the wired remote controller.
- > Up to 5 different modes are available to determine the operating mode such as; auto, heat, cool, fan, dry.
- ➤ ITR830-0007 have 4 logic gates to carry out logic functions with 3 different gate types such as AND, OR & XOR.
- With 4 different special modes, desired applications can be made. These modes are: Energy Saver mode, Power Saver mode, Winter mode and summer mode.
- ➤ ITR830-0007 have 8 converter gates with 1 input and 1 output. Each input has 8 different data types and each output has 4 different outputs.
- Up to 5 scenes can be saved and executed from KNX, fixing the desired combination of ON/OFF, Operation Mode, Setpoint Temperature, Fan Level control, Vane Position control and Remote Controller Lock at any moment by using a simple switching with KNX bus telegram.
- Arcelik type AC Indoor unit can be controlled simultaneously by the remote controller of the AC unit and Arcelik Gateway.
- > Arcelik indoor unit monitoring from KNX, including monitoring of AC unit's state of internal variables, running working hours counter (E.g., for filter maintenance control), and error indication and error code.
- > Control of the AC unit based on the ambient temperature read by the own AC unit, or in the ambient temperature read by any KNX thermostat.
- > Special functions for high-level monitoring; window contact, working hours counter, standby and timer function.

6 PM220128090AFN



2.1. Technical Information

The following table shows the technical information of the Arcelik Gateway.

| Product Code | ITR830-0007 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Power Supply | KNX Power Supply |
| Power Consumption | 10 mA |
| Push Buttons | 1 x KNX Programming Button |
| LED Indicators | 1 x KNX Programming LED |
| Type of Protection | IP 20 |
| Cable Distance | Max 50 m |
| Mode of Commissioning | S-Mode |
| | Operation (0°C40°C) |
| Temperature Range | Storage (-10°C70°C) |
| Maximum Air Humidity | < 90 RH |
| Colour | Light Grey |
| Dimensions | 88 x 62 x 27 mm (W x H x D) |
| Certification | KNX Certified |
| Configuration | Configuration with ETS |
| | |



2.2. Connection Diagram & Features

Once the device is provided with a power supply from the KNX bus, both the physical address and the associated application program can be downloaded.

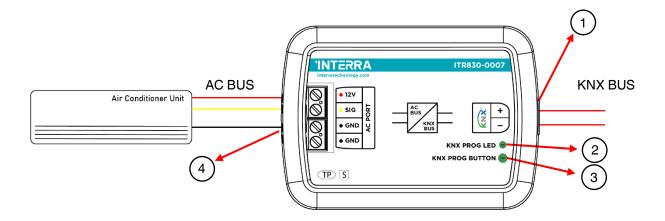


Fig. 1: Connection Diagram of Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway

| Number | Feature |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 1 | KNX Connector |
| 2 | Programming LED |
| 3 | Programming Button |
| 4 | AC Indoor Unit Connection |

Recommended



The interface should be installed inside the air conditioning indoor unit. Due to the connection length up to 50 meters, Arcelik Gateway can also be installed at the proper location outside the air conditioner.



ITR830-0007 Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway can be connected directly to the 12V-SIG-GND Home bus terminal of the AC indoor unit. Nothing that needs to do in ETS software. The following figure shows the Arcelik Gateway connection without the remote controller.

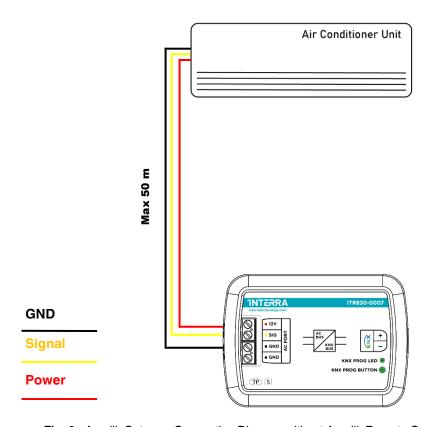


Fig. 2 : Arcelik Gateway Connection Diagram without Arcelik Remote Controller



Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway can be connected with Arcelik Remote Controller to the 12V-SIG-GND Home bus terminal of the AC indoor unit. In this case, the remote control unit must be selected as Master in the Arcelik Gateway ETS configuration. The following figure shows the Arcelik Gateway connection with the remote controller.

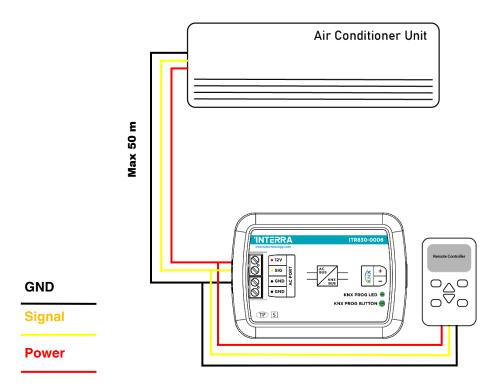


Fig. 3: Arcelik Gateway Connection Diagram with Arcelik Remote Controller

Commissioning Instructions





- -> Then, disconnect the power supply of the EIB bus.
- -> Install the interface and connect it to the 12V-SIG-GND bus at any point of the bus. The 12V-SIG-GND bus is the bus that connects the AC indoor unit and the wired remote controller
- -> Connect the KNX bus to the KNX connector of the interface according to polarity.
- -> Reconnect the AC indoor unit to mains power and power supply to the KNX bus.



2.3 Dimensions

All values given in the device dimensions are millimetres.

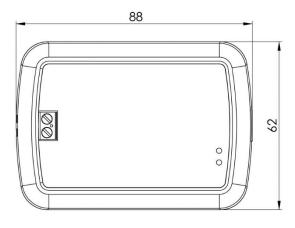


Fig. 4: Dimensions of Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway from the top view

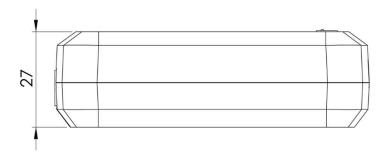


Fig. 5: Dimensions of Arcelik AC-KNX Gateway from the side view



3. ETS Parameters & Descriptions

In this chapter, the ETS parameters of the ITR830-0007 Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway device are described using the parameter pages and options. The parameter pages features are dynamic structures which mean further parameters and parameter pages are enabled depending on the configuration and function of the groups.

In this section, a detailed description of the functional features of the device is given. All the parameters of the device are explained under the relevant headings.

In the ETS parameter configuration pages, each of the parameters has got a default parameter value. These default values are written in bold.

• E.g. : > Setpoint shifting

via parameter

via communication object

Special Notes



This is a fully compatible KNX device that must be configured and setup using the standard KNX tool ETS.

In the following sections, there is a detailed explanation about each of the different functionalities of Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway in ETS.



3.1. General Page

When the Arcelik Gateway is attached to the project from the ETS program, a configuration setting must be made primarily before loading. When entering the "GENERAL" in the parameter page, the configuration screen will be appeared shown below. Global parameter settings for the whole device are made in this window. From the general configuration window, the different advanced functionalities of the Arcelik Gateway can be enabled such as Module alive beacon, Setting the working condition of the remote controller, Behaviours after bus voltage failure, Device control locking, Errors Management, Initial Configuration.

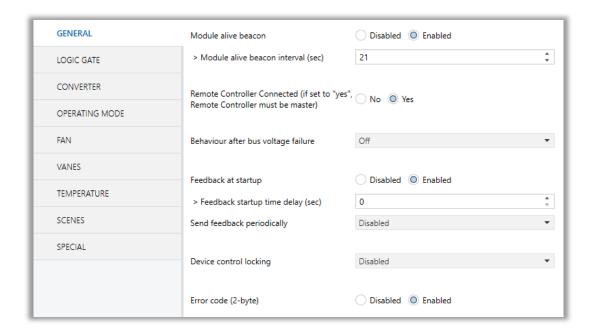


Fig. 6: General Configuration Parameter Page



3.1.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|---|--|---|
| Module alive beacon | This feature is used to determine whether the Arcelik Gateway is operating. With the enabling of the module alive beacon parameter whether the device is working correctly can be known. The value true is sent with a preconfigured period via the group object. The receipt of this telegram periodically means that the device is working properly. | Disabled Enabled |
| > Module alive beacon interval(sec) | This parameter is used to determine the time of the module alive beacon sending data. Where the KNX bus line communication is intensive, it is more accurate to select the bigger time. Otherwise, even communication breaks may occur. | 165535 |
| Remote Controller Connected (if set to "yes", Remote Controller must be master) | This parameter is used to determine whether the Arcelik Gateway and the air conditioner remote controller are used together. If the remote control is to be used, the controller must be selected as the master. | No Yes |
| Behaviour after bus voltage failure | This parameter is used to determine the action that will be taken by the gateway when the KNX bus voltage failure is recovered. If there is a power interruption or until the KNX energy comes back up, one of the following options can be applied. No Reaction/Last State: The air conditioner unit retains its last condition after the power failure. On: The air conditioner will be switched on. Off: The air conditioner will be switched off. Scene: The scene with the desired conditions from 5 different scenes can be sent to the air conditioner unit. In this case, the air conditioner unit operates under these conditions after KNX bus line power failure. | No reaction - Last state Scene On Off |
| > Scene selection | This parameter is used to determine the appropriate scene from the 5 scenes that can be created. The selected scene conditions are | Scene 1, Scene 2, Scene 3, Scene 4, Scene 5 |





| | applied to the air conditioner and it works under these conditions after the KNX bus power failure. | |
|--|---|--|
| Feedback at start-up | This parameter is used to get some status information of the air conditioning unit when the Arcelik Gateway is started to operate. This information can be used for these purposes such as: monitoring the air conditioner from a control centre, triggering different scenarios to operate in the KNX infrastructure etc. The following describes which status information can be observed. Feedback Climate On/Off Feedback Operating Mode Feedback Individual Mode Auto & Heat & Cool & Fan & Dry Feedback Fan Speed Enumerated Feedback Vanes Position Enumerated Feedback Setpoint Temperature | Disabled Enabled |
| > Feedback at start-up time delay(sec) | This parameter is used to set the delay between the start-up and the sending of the feedback telegrams to the KNX bus line. If the value is selected as '0', the feedbacks will be sent to the KNX bus line immediately without no waiting. | 0 255 |
| Send feedback periodically | This parameter is used to send feedback on the related objects periodically according to the selected time. The objects are listed in the "Feedback at start-up" parameter that is described above. | Disabled 5sec, 10sec, 30sec, 1min, 5min, 10min, 20min, 30min, 40min, 50min, 1h, 2h, 3h, 4h, 5h, 6h, 12h, 24h |
| Device Control Locking | This parameter is used to lock the Arcelik Gateway via device control locking communication object. The device is blocked and it can no longer be controlled via any telegram. The device remains the previous status before locking until the locking is deactivated. It must be taken into consideration that the device after the locking will take the last | Disabled Lock on Value 0 Lock on Value 1 |



| | value received through the bus even though this value has been received during the locking time. Lock on Value 0: The Gateway will be locked when the value 0 is sent. Lock on Value 1: The Gateway will be locked | |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | when value 1 is sent. | |
| Error code (2-byte) | This parameter is used to detect and identify the faults that come from the air conditioner via a 2-byte value. Each error code has a different meaning so, all of the error code descriptions are listed please check the Appendix B section in this document. | Disabled Enabled |



3.2. Logic Gate

This parameter page is used to make the logical relationships between inputs & output.

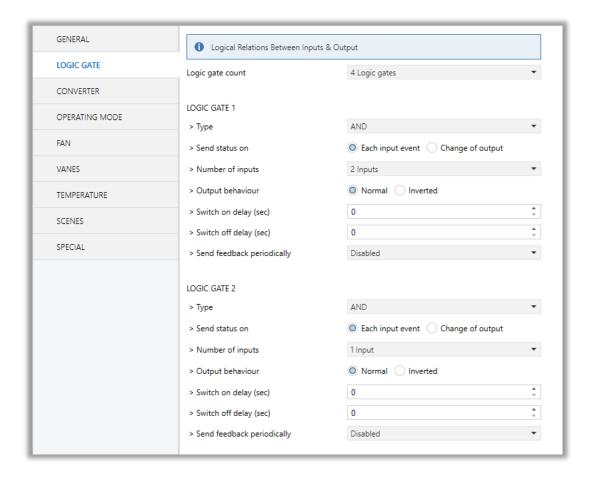


Fig. 7: Logic Gate Configuration Parameter Page

Up to 4 logic gates can be used with the gateway. In addition, each logic gate allows the use of up to 4 inputs. The standard logic operations AND, OR and XOR are available.

The status of the output of logic gates can be shown normally or inverted. This configuration can be applied via the parameter "Output behaviour" and when it is parameterized as inverted, the status of the output is shown inverted.



Through the parameter "Send status on", the type of feedback can be defined. The gateway allows sending the result of logic gates when the conversely logic output is changed or when one of the logic inputs is modified. Additionally, it is possible to define a cyclic sending of the feedback which permits getting information about the output status periodically.

The logic output can operate with previously configured delays. The logic output takes the values ON and OFF with delays. Depending on the switch delay parameters configuration, it is possible to set an ON delay (TON), an OFF delay (TOFF) or both at the same time.

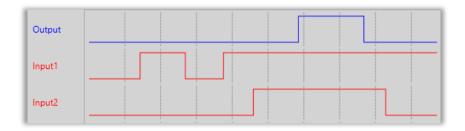


Fig. 8: Logic Gate with Delays

Special Notes



The number of logical gates can be selected up to 4. Since the characteristics of each gate are the same, only Logic 1 is described.



3.2.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|-------------------------|--|------------------|
| Logic Gate Count | This parameter is used to specify the number of | No logic gate |
| | logic gates that are used to write logical functions. Up to 4 different logic gates can be used | 1 Logic gate |
| | simultaneously. | 2 Logic gates |
| | | 3 Logic gates |
| | | 4 logic gates |
| LOGIC GATE 1 | | |
| > Type | This parameter is used to specify the type of | AND |
| | logical gate to be used. There are 3 different logic gate types, AND, OR and XOR. Each logical gate | OR |
| | generates a false or true value at its output as a | XOR |
| | logical association result. | |
| > Send status on | This parameter is used to specify how the status | Each input event |
| | of the output will be sent. | Change of output |
| | Each Input Event: Output status will be sent when any logic input is received. | |
| | Change of Output: Output status will be sent | |
| | when the logic output is changed. | |
| > Number of inputs | This parameter is used to specify the number of | 1 input |
| | inputs for the logical gate. | 2 inputs |
| | | 3 inputs |
| | | 4 inputs |
| > Output behaviour | This parameter defines the behaviour of the logic | Normal |
| | output. | Inverted |
| | Normal: The status of the output is sent without any modification. | |
| | Inverted: If the value is true, the false value will be sent as a status value for the output or vice versa. | |
| > Switch on delay (sec) | This parameter is used to set a delay time for output behaviour. The output takes the value ON when real-time reaches the configured time in this parameter. | 0 255 |



| > Switch off delay (sec) | This parameter is used to set a delay time for output behaviour. The output takes the value OFF when real-time reaches the configured time in this parameter. | 0 255 |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| >Send feedback periodically | This parameter is used to send feedback on the related objects periodically according to the selected time. The objects are listed in the "Feedback at start-up" parameter that is described on the "GENERAL" parameter page above. | Disabled 5sec, 10sec, 30sec, 1min, 5min, 10min, 20min, 30min, 40min, 50min, 1h, 2h, 3h, 4h, 5h, 6h, 12h, 24h |

Special Notes



The number of logical gates can be selected up to 4. Since the characteristics of each gate are the same, only one is described.



3.3. Converter

The main parameter settings of the Converter Parameter page are made on this page. Various control options for the Converters are enabled from this page.

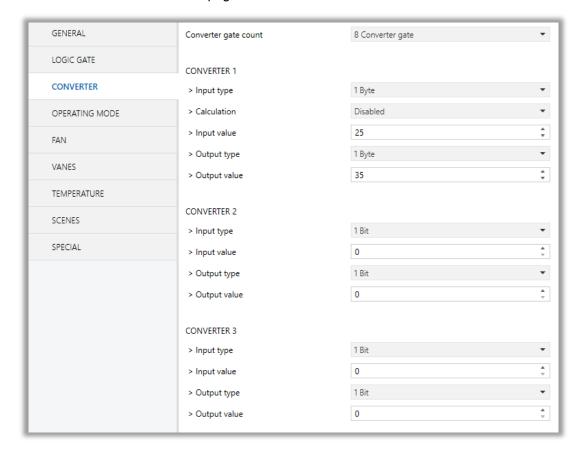


Fig. 9: Converter Configuration Parameter Page



Converters are used to convert the output to configured type value depending on the input value. There are 8 different types of data input that can be converted to 4 different data values.

Moreover, if the input is selected as 1 byte or 2 bytes, you can also make the four arithmetical operations (plus, minus, multiply, divide). Some examples are shown below:

| Ex 1: | Ex 2: |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Input type: 1 byte, 154 | Input type: 1 byte, 215 |
| Calculation: Plus | Calculation: Minus |
| Calculation value: 7 | Calculation value: 51 |
| Output type: 1 byte | Output type: 1 byte |
| Output = 154 : 7 | Output = 215 - 51 |
| Output = 22 | Output = 164 |
| Ex 3: | Ex 4: |
| Input type: 2 bytes, 862 | Input type: 2 bytes, 46342 |
| Calculation: Multiply | Calculation: Divide |
| Calculation value: 49 | Calculation value: 986 |
| Output type: 2 bytes | Output type: 2 bytes |
| Output = 862 x 49 | Output = 46342 : 986 |
| Output = 42238 | Output = 47 |

Special Notes



The number of Converters can be selected up to 8. Since the characteristics of each gate are the same, only one is described.



3.3.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTIONS | VALUES |
|----------------------|--|---|
| Converter gate count | This parameter is used to determine the number of converter gates. Each converter gate can be set independently. | No converter gate 1 Converter gate 2 Converter gate 3 Converter gate 4 Converter gate 5 Converter gate 6 Converter gate 7 Converter gate 8 Converter gate |
| CONVERTER 1 | | |
| > Input type | This parameter is used to specify the type of input value for the converter input. There are 8 different input values for each converter. When the input type is configured as 1-byte or 2- byte logic, the output data type is set as 1 bit. If the input value is non-zero, the output value will be 1. Otherwise, it will be zero. | 1 Bit 2 Bit 1 Byte 2 Byte 1 Byte Logic 2 Byte Logic 1 Byte Threshold 2 Byte Threshold |
| > Input value | This parameter is used to set the value of the converter input. Several value types can be selected and these possible values are described below. The input type is 1 Bit: If the input type is selected as 1 bit, values are between 0-1. The input type is 2 Bit: If the input type is selected as 2 bits, values are between 0-3. The input type is 1 Byte: If the input type is selected as 1 byte, values are between 0-255. The input type is 2 Byte: If the input type is selected as 2 bytes, values are between 0-65536. | 01 03 0255 065535 |



| | The input type is 1 Byte logic: If the input type is selected as 1-byte logic, values are between 0-255. The input type is 2 Byte logic: If the input type is | |
|-------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | selected as 2-byte logic, values are between 0-65536. | |
| | The input type is 1 Byte Threshold: If the input type is selected as a 1-byte threshold, values are between 0-255. | |
| | The input type is 2 Byte Threshold: If the input type is selected as the 2-byte threshold, values are between 0-65536. | |
| Calculation | This parameter is used to perform a mathematical operation with the input value. | Disabled Plus |
| | Disabled: Calculation value is disabled. The | Minus |
| | input value is converted to output value without a mathematical operation. | Multiply |
| | a maniematicai operation. | Divide |
| | Plus: The calculation value is summed with the input value. | |
| | Minus: The calculation value is subtracted from the input value | |
| | Multiply: Input value and calculation value are multiplied and the result is applied to the output value. | |
| | Divide: The input value is divided by the calculation value and the result is applied to the output value. | |
| Calculation Value | This parameter is used to specify the value to be processed along with the input value. This value type is the same as the output value type. | 0 255 0 65535 |
| Lower Limit | This parameter is used to set the lower limit value of the threshold for the input when the input is configured as 1 byte or 2-byte threshold. | 0 255 0 65535 |



| Higher Limit | This parameter is used to set the higher limit value of the threshold for the input when the input is configured as 1 byte or 2-byte threshold. | 0 255 0 65535 |
|--------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Output type | This parameter is used to specify the type of output value for the converter output. There are 4 different output values for each converter. | 1 Bit 2 Bit 1 Byte 2 Byte |
| Output value | This parameter is used to set the value of the converter output. Several value types can be selected and these possible values are described below. The output type is 1 Bit: If the input type is selected as 1 bit, values are between 0-1. The output type is 2 Bit: If the input type is selected as 2 bits, values are between 0-3. The output type is 1 Byte: If the input type is selected as 1 byte, values are between 0-255. The output type is 2 Byte: If the input type is selected as 2 bytes, values are between 0-65536. | 01 03 0255 065535 |



3.4. Operating Mode

In this section, all of the parameters are corresponding to different mode properties and communication objects. Some parameters of related objects and their tasks are described below.

- Operating Mode Heat/Cool object (1 bit): The operating mode of the air conditioner can be selected as the heating mode or cooling mode with this 1-bit object.
- Operating mode +/- object (1 bit): Using this object 5 different operating modes can be selected. The selection can be made with 1-bit values. Switching between the modes is done according to the following condition:

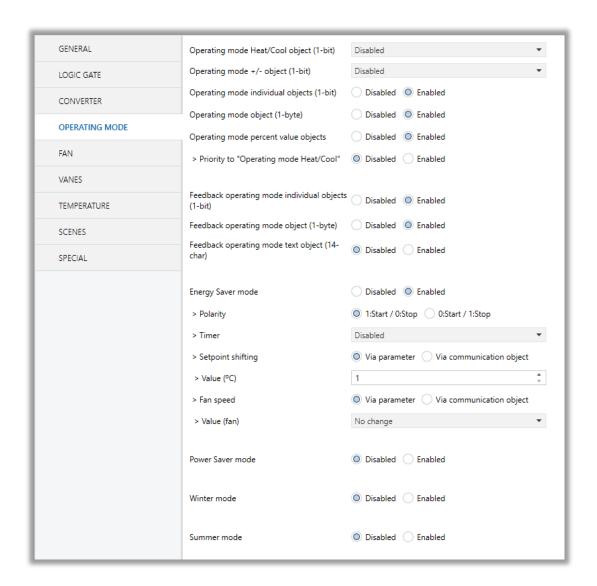


Fig. 10: Operating Modes Sequences

Operating Mode Individual objects (1-bit): The operating mode can be modified by sending value 1 to the desired mode object.



Operating Mode: The operating mode can be modified with these values that are shown in the table below:

| OPERATING MODE | VALUE |
|----------------|-------|
| AUTO | 0 |
| HEAT | 1 |
| COOL | 3 |
| FAN | 9 |
| DRY | 14 |

- Operating Mode Percent Value Objects: Via these 1-byte objects the indoor unit can be controlled via percentage values to provide compatibility with the thermostat that use this data type. By using this object, there are two different options:
- Priority to "Operating mode Heat/Cool": <u>Disabled</u>

When the priority of "Operating mode Heat/Cool" is disabled, it does not matter what is the current mode of the indoor unit, the percentage values can switch the mode and activate the indoor unit in the following way:

- If the object "Heating Mode Percent Value" takes a value greater than 0, the indoor unit will be switched ON in HEAT mode. The value 0 will switch off the air conditioner.
- If the object "Cooling Mode Percent Value" takes a value greater than 0, the indoor unit will be switched ON in COOL mode. The value 0 will switch off the air conditioner.

Special Notes



When the priority is disabled and the air condition unit is working as FAN, AUTO or DRY modes, a new value to the objects "Heating/Cooling Mode Percent Value" or "Operating Mode Heat/Cool" will change the mode to HEAT or COOL.

Priority to "Operating mode Heat/Cool": Enabled

When the priority is enabled, the operating mode defined cannot be modified by the percentage value objects and the behaviour will be as follow:

Actual operating mode as HEAT;

- If the object "Heating Mode Percent Value" takes a value greater than 0, the indoor unit will be switched ON. The value 0 will switch off the air conditioner.
- Any data received via the object "Cooling Mode Percent Value" will not be taken into consideration.

Actual operating mode as COOL;



- If the object "Cooling Mode Percent Value" takes a value greater than 0, the indoor unit will be switched ON. The value 0 will switch off the air conditioner.
- Any data received via the object "Heating Mode Percent Value" will not be taken into consideration.

Special Notes



When the priority is enabled and the air condition unit is working as FAN, AUTO or DRY modes, a new value to the objects "Heating/Cooling Mode Percent Value" will not be taken into consideration. Only a new value to the object "Operating Mode Heat/Cool" will change the mode to HEAT or COOL.

Special Notes



Any modification on all above objects will be advised in the following feedback objects:

Feedback Operating Mode Heat/Cool

Feedback Individual Mode Auto

Feedback Individual Mode Heat

Feedback Individual Mode Cool

Feedback Individual Mode Fan

Feedback Individual Mode Dry

Feedback Operating Mode

Feedback Operating Mode Text

In this parameter configuration page, there are also some different special modes for operating the air conditioner. These 4 different modes are described below respectively.

Energy Saver Mode: The energy saver mode can be applied via the object "Energy Saver Mode". This mode can be configured to work during a period or the "stop" value is received. Via the parameter or via communication object "Timer" period can be set. If the timer is disabled, the "Energy Saver Mode" will be finished at the following actions:

- The object "Energy Saver Mode" receives the "stop" value, the mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered at this moment.
- A new value for fan, mode or set point is received via KNX, the Energy Saver Mode will stop and the new value will be applied at this moment.

If the timer is enabled, the energy saver mode will be finished at the below situation or once the time is elapsed. Then the previous state will be recovered. The timer can always be re-triggerable by sending the start value to the object "Energy Saver Mode".

The timer, variation of the set point and the fan speed to be applied during the energy saver mode can be selected via parameter or communication object. With this last option, the user could modify the values at any time as required.



Special Notes



If the timer, set point shifting or fan speed values are modified via their respective objects ("Energy Saver Mode Timer Duration", "Energy Saver Mode Setpoint Shifting" and "Energy Saver Mode Fan Speed") while the energy saver mode is active, the new values will be directly applied.

Power Saver Mode: The power saver mode can be applied via the object ". This mode can be configured to work during a period or during the "stop" value is received. Via the parameter "Timer" period can be selected. If the timer is disabled, the "Power Saver Mode" will be finished at the following actions:

- The object "Power Saver Mode" receives the "stop" value, the mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered at this moment.
- A new value for fan, mode or set point is received via KNX, the Power Saver Mode will stop and the new value will be applied at this moment.

If the timer is enabled, the energy saver mode will be finished at the below situation or once the time is elapsed. Then the previous state will be recovered. The timer can always be re-triggerable by sending the start value to the object "Power Saver Mode".

The timer, variation of the set point and the fan speed to be applied during the energy saver mode can be selected via parameter or communication object. With this last option, the user could modify the values at any time as required.

Special Notes



If the timer, set point shifting or fan speed values are modified via their respective objects ("Power Saver Mode Timer Duration", "Power Saver Mode Setpoint Shifting" and "Power Saver Mode Fan Speed") while the energy saver mode is active, the new values will be directly applied.

<u>Winter Mode</u>: The winter mode can be applied via the object "Winter Mode". If the winter mode is applied while the operating is mode is COOL, the mode will be automatically changed to HEAT mode and the unit indoor will switch on.

This mode can be configured to work during a period or the "stop" value is received. Via the parameter "Timer for winter mode" this can be selected. If the timer is disabled, the winter mode will be finished once the object "Winter Mode" receives the "stop" value. At this moment the mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered.

If the timer is enabled, the winter mode will be finished at bellow action or once the time is elapsed. Then the previous state will be recovered.



A new value for fan, mode or set point is received via KNX or remote control will be directly applied and then the winter mode will be disabled. However, the previous status will be recovered and the air conditioner will remain the winter mode values applied.

The timer, set point and the fan speed to be applied during the winter mode can be selected via parameter or communication object. With this last option, the user could modify the values every time as required.

Special Notes



If the timer, set point or fan speed values are modified via their respective objects ("Winter Mode Timer Duration", "Winter Mode Setpoint Shifting" and "Winter Mode Fan Speed") while the winter mode is active, the new values will be directly applied.

Summer Mode: The summer mode can be applied via the object "Summer Mode". If the summer mode is applied while the operating is mode is HEAT, the mode will be automatically changed to COOL mode and the unit indoor will switch on.

This mode can be configured to work during a period or the "stop" value is received. Via the parameter "Timer for summer mode" this can be selected. If the timer is disabled, the "Summer Mode" will be finished once the object "Summer Mode" receives the "stop" value. At this moment the mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered.

If the timer is enabled, the summer mode will be finished at below action or once the time is elapsed. Then the previous state will be recovered.

A new value for fan, mode or set point is received via KNX or remote control will be directly applied and then the winter mode will be disabled. However, the previous status will be recovered and the air conditioner will remain the winter mode values applied.

The timer, set point and the fan speed to be applied during the winter mode can be selected via parameter or communication object. With this last option, the user could modify the values every time as required.

Special Notes



If the timer, set point or fan speed values are modified via their respective objects ("Summer Mode Timer Duration", "Summer Mode Setpoint Shifting" and "Summer Mode Fan Speed") while the summer mode is active, the new values will be directly applied.

All parameters described in this section are set on the operating mode parameter page.

Special Notes



All of the parameters of energy saver mode in the above parameter page image are the same for winter, power saver and summer mode. When these modes are activated, the parameters will have appeared.



3.4.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|---|--|--|
| Operating mode Heat/ Cool object (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the operating mode heat/cool and its feedback objects. 1:Heat/0:Cool: If value 1 is sent via a related object, the air conditioner switches to heat mode. 0:Heat/1:Cool: If value 1 is sent via a related object, the air conditioner switches to cool mode. | Disabled 1:Heat/0:Cool 0:Heat/1:Cool |
| Operating mode +/- object (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the operating mode +/- object. 1:Increase/0:Decrease: If the value 1 is sent, the modes switch according to the following sequence Auto->Heat->Cool->Fan->Dry 0:Up/1:Down: If the value 0 is sent, the modes switch according to the following sequence Auto->Heat->Cool->Fan->Dry | Disabled 1:Increase/0:Decrease 0:Up/1:Down |
| Operating mode individual objects (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable the operating modes' individual objects. These objects are: ->Individual Mode Heat ->Individual Mode Cool ->Individual Mode Auto ->Individual Mode Fan ->Individual Mode Dry | Disabled Enabled |
| Operating mode object (1-byte) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the operating mode object. Via this object, if the specified values are sent to the corresponding mode the operating mode is switched to that mode. | Disabled Enabled |
| Operating mode percent value objects | This parameter is used to enable the percent value objects of heating mode and cooling mode. | Disabled Enabled |
| > Priority to "Operating mode Heat/Cool" | This parameter is used to enable or disable the giving priority to operating mode Heat/Cool. | Disabled Enabled |





| Feedback operating mode individual objects (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the feedback objects of individual operating mode objects. If this parameter is enabled, all of the individual feedback objects of operating modes are visible. | Disabled Enabled |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| Feedback operating mode object (1-byte) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the 1-byte feedback object of the operating mode. According to special values, the operating mode can be easily detected. | Disabled Enabled |
| Feedback operating mode text object (14-char) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the feedback operating text mode objects. | Disabled Enabled |
| -> Text for mode AUTO | This parameter is used to type a special name for the operating mode AUTO feedback text object. | - |
| -> Text for mode HEAT | This parameter is used to type a special name for the operating mode HEAT feedback text object. | - |
| -> Text for mode COOL | This parameter is used to type a special name for the operating mode COOL feedback text object. | - |
| -> Text for mode FAN | This parameter is used to type a special name for the operating mode FAN feedback text object. | - |
| -> Text for mode DRY | This parameter is used to type a special name for the operating mode DRY feedback text object. | - |
| Energy Saver | | |
| Energy Saver mode | This parameter is used to enable or disable the energy saver mode. | Disabled Enabled |
| > Polarity | This parameter is used to specify the polarity of the energy saver mode for enabling it according to this configuration. | 1:Start/0:Stop 0:Start/1:Stop |
| | 1:Start/0:Stop: If the value 1 is sent, energy saver mode will be started. | |
| | 0:Start/1:Stop: If the value 0 is sent, energy saver mode will be started. | |
| > Timer | This parameter is used to set a timer for energy saver mode with a 1-byte value. | Disabled Via parameter |



| | Via parameter: Timer interval value will be set via this parameter page. | Via communication object |
|------------------|--|--|
| | Via communication object: Timer interval value will be set via a communication object. | |
| > Interval (min) | This parameter is used to specify the timer interval value via parameter. | 0 255 |
| > Setpoint | This parameter is used to select the setpoint shifting method. Via parameter: The setpoint will be determined according to the parameter value Via communication object: The setpoint will be determined via communication object value. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| > Value (°C) | This parameter is used to specify the setpoint shifting value via parameter. | 14 |
| > Fan speed | This parameter is used to specify the fan speed value when the air conditioner switches to energy saver mode. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| > Value (fan) | This parameter is used to select the fan speed levels from the parameter list. | No change Auto Fan 1 Fan 2 Fan 3 |
| Power Saver | | |
| Power Saver mode | This parameter is used to enable or disable the power saver mode. | Disabled Enabled |
| > Polarity | This parameter is used to specify the polarity of the power saver mode for enabling it according to this configuration. 1:Start/0:Stop: If the value 1 is sent, power saver mode will be started. | 1:Start/0:Stop 0:Start/1:Stop |
| | 0:Start/1:Stop: If the value 0 is sent, power saver mode will be started. | |
| > Timer | This parameter is used to set a timer for power saver mode with a 1-byte value. | Disabled Via parameter |



| Via parameter: Timer interval value will be set via this | Via communication |
|--|--|
| parameter page. | object |
| Via communication object: Timer interval value will be set via a communication object. | |
| This parameter is used to specify the timer interval value via parameter. | 0 255 |
| This parameter is used to select the setpoint shifting method. Via parameter: The setpoint will be determined according to the parameter value Via communication object: The setpoint will be determined via communication object value. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| This parameter is used to specify the setpoint shifting value via parameter. | 14 |
| This parameter is used to specify the fan speed value when the air conditioner switches to power saver mode. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| This parameter is used to select the fan speed levels from the parameter list. | No change Auto Fan 1 Fan 2 Fan 3 |
| | |
| This parameter is used to enable or disable the winter mode. | Disabled Enabled |
| This parameter is used to specify the polarity of the winter mode for enabling it according to this configuration. 1:Start/0:Stop: If the value 1 is sent, winter mode will be started. 0:Start/1:Stop: If the value 0 is sent, winter mode will be started. | 1:Start/0:Stop 0:Start/1:Stop |
| This parameter is used to set a timer for winter mode with a 1-byte value. | Disabled Via parameter |
| | be set via a communication object. This parameter is used to specify the timer interval value via parameter. This parameter is used to select the setpoint shifting method. Via parameter: The setpoint will be determined according to the parameter value Via communication object: The setpoint will be determined via communication object value. This parameter is used to specify the setpoint shifting value via parameter. This parameter is used to specify the fan speed value when the air conditioner switches to power saver mode. This parameter is used to select the fan speed levels from the parameter list. This parameter is used to specify the polarity of the winter mode for enabling it according to this configuration. 1:Start/0:Stop: If the value 1 is sent, winter mode will be started. O:Start/1:Stop: If the value 0 is sent, winter mode will be started. This parameter is used to set a timer for winter mode |



| | Via parameter: Timer interval value will be set via this parameter page. | Via communication object |
|---------------------|--|--|
| | Via communication object: Timer interval value will be set via a communication object. | |
| > Interval (min) | This parameter is used to specify the timer interval value via parameter. | 0 255 |
| > Setpoint shifting | This parameter is used to select the setpoint shifting method. | Via parameter Via communication |
| | Via parameter: The setpoint will be shifted according to the parameter value | object |
| | Via communication object: The setpoint will be shifted via communication object value. | |
| > Value (°C) | This parameter is used to specify the setpoint shifting value via parameter. | 16 18 30 |
| > Fan speed | This parameter is used to specify the fan speed value when the air conditioner switches to winter mode. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| > Value (fan) | This parameter is used to select the fan speed levels from the parameter list. | No change Auto Fan 1 Fan 2 Fan 3 |
| Summer | | |
| Summer mode | This parameter is used to enable or disable the summer mode. | Disabled Enabled |
| > Polarity | This parameter is used to specify the polarity of the summer mode for enabling it according to this configuration. 1:Start/0:Stop: If the value 1 is sent, summer mode will be started. | 1:Start/0:Stop 0:Start/1:Stop |
| | O:Start/1:Stop: If the value 0 is sent, summer mode will be started. | |
| > Timer | This parameter is used to set a timer for summer mode with a 1-byte value. | Disabled Via parameter |



| | Via parameter: Timer interval value will be set via this parameter page. | Via communication object |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Via communication object: Timer interval value will be set via a communication object. | |
| > Interval (min) | This parameter is used to specify the timer interval value via parameter. | 0255 |
| > Setpoint shifting | This parameter is used to select the setpoint shifting method. | Via parameter Via communication |
| | Via parameter: The setpoint will be shifted according to the parameter value | object |
| | Via communication object: The setpoint will be shifted via communication object value. | |
| > Value (°C) | This parameter is used to specify the setpoint shifting value via parameter. | 16 18 30 |
| > Fan speed | This parameter is used to specify the fan speed value when the air conditioner switches to summer mode. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| > Value (fan) | This parameter is used to select the fan speed levels from the parameter list. | No change Auto Fan 1 Fan 2 Fan 3 |



3.5. Fan

In this parameter page, the parameter "Fan mode available" defines if the fan mode is available in the indoor unit. If this parameter is set to "No", all the fan parameters and objects are hidden. All the parameters in this section are related to the Fan Speed properties and communication objects.

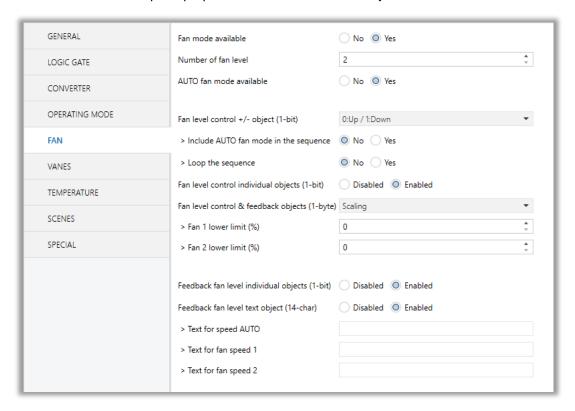


Fig. 11: FAN Configuration Parameter Page

Once the fan mode is enabled, the number of available fan levels in the indoor unit should be defined via the parameter "Number of fan level". Besides the parameter "AUTO fan mode available" defines if the AUTO fan mode is available in the indoor unit.

Special Notes



Please, do not forget to read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many fan speeds are available.



Fan Level Control:

The fan level can be set via some different methods:

- > Fan level can be selected by sending 1-bit values. While using this method the following sequences are applied
- ➤ If auto mode is in the sequence, the fan level is selected as 3 and loop the sequence parameter is enabled, the changeovers between the fan levels like the following figure. With the fan speed +/- object value 1 or value 0 can be sent to switch between the modes sequentially.

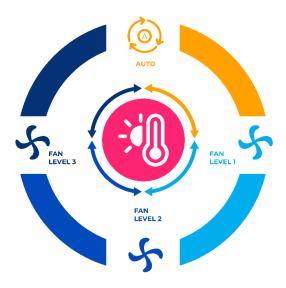


Fig. 12:3 Fan Levels + Auto Mode with Loop Representation

• If auto mode is in the sequence, the fan level is selected as 2 and loop the sequence parameter is enabled, the changeovers between the fan levels like the following figure. With the fan speed +/- object value 1 or value 0 can be sent to switch between the modes sequentially.





Fig. 13: 2 Fan Levels + Auto Mode with Loop Representation

• If the fan level is selected as 3 and the loop the sequence parameter is enabled, the changeovers between the fan levels like the following figure. With the fan speed +/- object value 1 or value 0 can be sent to switch between the modes sequentially.

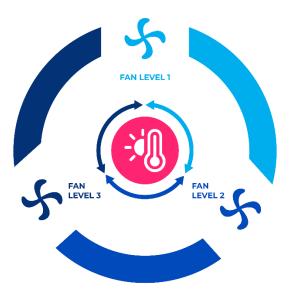


Fig. 14:3 Fan Levels with Loop Representation



• If the fan level is selected as 2 and the loop the sequence parameter is enabled, the changeovers between the fan levels like the following figure. With the fan speed +/- object value 1 or value 0 can be sent to switch between the modes sequentially.



Fig. 15: 2 Fan Levels with Loop Representation

• If the fan level is selected as 3, auto mode is enabled and the loop the sequence parameter is disabled, the changeovers between the fan levels like the following figure. With the fan speed +/- object value 1 or value 0 can be sent to switch between the modes sequentially.

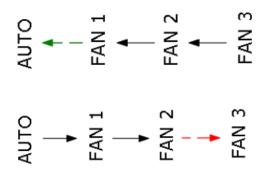


Fig. 16: 3 Fan Levels + Auto Mode Without Loop Representation

- ❖ Fan speeds can be activated via percentage values. The thresholding values for each fan speed are set in the parameters "Fan (1, 2, 3) lower limit".
- Fan speed can be activated by sending the numbers of each speed 1,2 or 3.

Special Notes



If a value greater than 3 or the value 0 is received, this data will be discarded and the fan will remain at the current speed.

Special Notes



Any modification on all above objects will be advised in the following feedback objects: Feedback Fan Speed Enumerated

Feedback Fan Speed Manual/Auto, Feedback Individual Fan Speed 1, Feedback Individual Fan speed 2, Feedback Individual Fan speed 3.

Feedback Fan Speed Text



3.5.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Fan mode available | This parameter is used to enable or disable the fan | No |
| | mode. | Yes |
| Number of fan level | This parameter is used to select the fan level of the air conditioner. | 2 3 |
| AUTO fan mode available | This parameter is used to enable the AUTO fan mode | No |
| | to be activated. | Yes |
| | | |
| Fan level control +/- | This parameter is used to enable or disable the fan | Disabled |
| object (1-bit) | level control +/- object. | 0:Up/1:Down |
| | 1:Increase/0:Decrease: If the value 1 is sent, the fan levels switch according to the following sequence | 1:Increase/0:Decrease |
| | Auto->Fan Level 1-> Fan Level 2->Fan Level 3 | |
| | 0:Up/1:Down: If the value 1 is sent, the fan levels switch according to the following sequence | |
| | Fan Level 3-> Fan Level 2->Fan Level 1->Auto | |
| > Include AUTO fan | This parameter is used to add AUTO fan mode to fan | No |
| mode in the sequence | levels. | Yes |
| | | |
| > Loop the sequence | This parameter is used to enable or disable the fan | No |
| | level sequence repeating considering the selected parameter polarity. | Yes |
| | parameter polarity. | |
| Fan level control | This parameter is used to enable or disable the fan | Disabled |
| individual objects (1-bit) | level control individual objects. For each fan speed level, there is an individual fan speed object. These objects are: | Enabled |
| | Individual Fan Speed 1 | |
| | Individual Fan Speed 2 | |
| | Individual Fan Speed 3 | |
| Fan level control & | This parameter is used to determine the fan level | Disabled |
| control feedback objects | control type with 1-byte communication objects | Scaling |
| (1-byte) | Scaling: Via scaling object, according to the threshold defined in parameters fan speed will be determined. | Enumerated |

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| | Enumerated: Via enumerated object, if value 1 is sent fan level will be fan speed 1. Likewise, value 2 causes fan speed 2 and value 3 causes fan speed 3. | |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| > Fan 1 lower limit (%) | This parameter is used to set the lower limit 1 fan level threshold value to compare with the received value from the KNX bus line. After comparison, the corresponding fan speed will be chosen. | 0 100 |
| > Fan 2 lower limit (%) | This parameter is used to set the lower limit 2 fan level threshold value to compare with the received value from the KNX bus line. After comparison, the corresponding fan speed will be chosen. | 0 100 |
| > Fan 3 lower limit (%) | This parameter is used to set the lower limit 3 fan level threshold value to compare with the received value from the KNX bus line. After comparison, the corresponding fan speed will be chosen. | 0 100 |
| | | |
| Fan level individual objects (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the individual fan level objects. | Disabled Enabled |
| Feedback fan level text object (14-char) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the feedback fan level text object. | Disabled Enabled |
| -> Text for mode AUTO | This parameter is used to type a special name for AUTO mode. | - |
| -> Text for fan speed 1 | This parameter is used to type a special name for fan speed 1. | - |
| -> Text for fan speed 2 | This parameter is used to type a special name for fan speed 2. | - |
| -> Text for fan speed 3 | This parameter is used to type a special name for fan | |



3.6. Vanes

On this parameter page, all the parameters are related to the Vanes properties and communication objects. The parameter "Vanes control available" defines if the vanes control is available in the indoor unit. If this parameter is set to "No", all the fan parameters and objects are hidden.

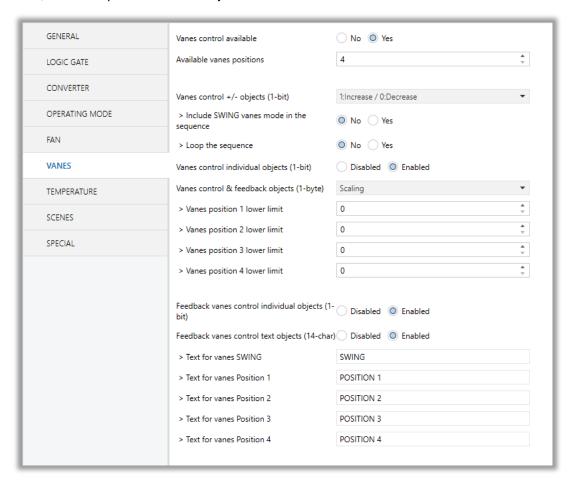


Fig. 17: Vanes Configuration Parameter Page

Once the vane control is enabled, the number of available positions in the indoor unit should be defined via the parameter "Available vanes positions".



Vanes Control:

The vanes position can be set via some different methods:

Vane position can be controlled by sending 1-bit values. While using this method the following sequence is applied:

| Loop the se | quence: Yes | Loop the s | equence: No |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Up (Value 0) | Down (Value 1) | Up (Value 0) | Down (Value 1) |
| Increase (Value 1) | Decrease (Value 0) | Increase (Value 1) | Decrease (Value 0) |
| POS 1 POS 2 POS 3 POS 4 POS 6 SWING | POS 1 POS 2 POS 3 POS 4 POS 5 POS 6 | POS 1 POS 2 POS 3 POS 4 POS 5 POS 6 SWING | POS 1 POS 2 POS 3 POS 4 POS 5 POS 6 SWING |
| - - - - | PC | DS 3 is available DS 4 is available DS 5 is available DS 6 is available VING is available | |

- > Vane positions can be controlled via percentage values. The thresholding values for each position are set in the parameters "Vanes ---: on (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) lower limit".
- > Vane positions can be controlled by sending the numbers of each position: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6.

Special Notes



If a value greater than 6 or the value 0 is received, this data will be discarded and the vanes will remain in the current position.

Special Notes



Any modification on all above objects will be advised in the following feedback objects: Feedback Vanes Position Percent / Enumerated

Feedback Vanes Position Manual/Auto, Feedback Vanes Position 1, Feedback Vanes Position 2, Feedback Vanes Position 3, Feedback Vanes Position 4, Feedback Vanes Position 5, Feedback Vanes Position 6 and Feedback Vanes Swing.

Feedback Vanes Position Text.



3.6.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|--|---|--|
| Vanes control available | This parameter is used to enable or disable the vanes control function. If this parameter is selected as yes, all of the vanes parameters will be visible. | No Yes |
| Available vanes positions | This parameter is used to select the positions of the vanes. The vane position value should be selected correctly according to the indoor unit. | 36 |
| | | |
| Vanes control +/- objects (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable the vanes control object to change the desired vane position. 1:Increase/0:Decrease: If the value 1 is sent, the vane position switches according to the following sequence Swing->Pos 1->Pos 2->Pos 3->Pos 4->Pos 5-> Pos 6. 0:Up/1:Down: If the value 1 is sent, the vane position switches according to the following sequence | Disabled 1:Increase/0:Decrease 0:Up/1:Down |
| | Swing->Pos 1->Pos 2->Pos 3->Pos 4->Pos 5-> Pos6. | |
| > Include SWING vanes mode in the sequence | This parameter is used to include the SWING function in the vane position sequence. If vanes position is selected as 5, the SWING feature will come from after the pos 5 in the sequence. | No Yes |
| > Loop the sequence | This parameter is used to control the sequence in a loop. According to vanes position +/- object configuration polarity, the sequence will be repeated. | No Yes |
| Vanes control individual objects (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the individual vanes control objects. When a '1' value is sent to a related individual object, the position of the vanes is set to the corresponding object position. If this object is "vane set position 2" and 1 value is sent, the vane position will be position 2. | Disabled Enabled |





| Vanes control & feedback objects (1-byte) | This parameter is used to determine the vanes control type with 1-byte communication objects. This parameter also enables the corresponding feedback objects. Scaling: Via scaling object, according to the threshold defined in parameters vane position will be determined. Enumerated: Via enumerated object, if value 1 is sent vane position will be position 1. Likewise, value 2 causes vane position 2 and value 3 causes vane position 3 and so on. | Disabled Scaling Enumerated |
|---|--|-----------------------------|
| > Vanes position 1 lower limit | This parameter is used to specify the vane position 1 lower limit. | 0 100 |
| > Vanes position 2 lower limit | This parameter is used to specify the vane position 2 lower limit. | 0 100 |
| > Vanes position 3 lower limit | This parameter is used to specify the vane position 3 lower limit. | 0 100 |
| > Vanes position 4 lower limit | This parameter is used to specify the vane position 4 lower limit. | 0 100 |
| > Vanes position 5 lower limit | This parameter is used to specify the vane position 5 lower limit. | 0 100 |
| > Vanes position 6 lower limit | This parameter is used to specify the vane position 6 lower limit. | 0 100 |
| | | |
| Feedback vanes control | This parameter is used to enable or disable the | Disabled |
| individual objects (1-bit) | individual fan level objects. | Enabled |
| Feedback vanes control | This parameter is used to enable or disable the | Disabled |
| text objects (14-char) | feedback vanes text object. | Enabled |
| > Text for vanes SWING | This parameter is used to type a special name for the SWING function. | SWING |
| > Text for vanes Position 1 | This parameter is used to type a special name for vane position 1. | POSITION 1 |



| > Text for vanes Position 2 | This parameter is used to type a special name for vane position 2. | POSITION 2 |
|-----------------------------|--|------------|
| > Text for vanes Position 3 | This parameter is used to type a special name for vane position 3. | POSITION 3 |
| > Text for vanes Position 4 | This parameter is used to type a special name for vane position 4 | POSITION 4 |
| > Text for vanes Position 5 | This parameter is used to type a special name for vane position 5. | POSITION 5 |
| > Text for vanes Position 6 | This parameter is used to type a special name for vane position 6. | POSITION 6 |



3.7. Temperature

In this section, all of the parameters are corresponding to the setpoint temperature, AC unit ambient temperature. Some parameters of related objects and their tasks are described in this part.

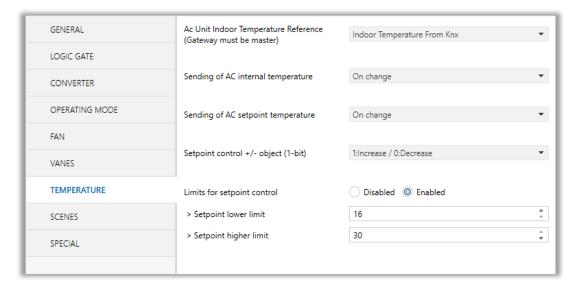


Fig. 18: Temperature Configuration Parameter Page

Ambient Temperature:

The air conditioner internal unit can display the temperature information via the "Feedback Indoor Temperature" object. However, it is also possible to receive the measurement of the measured ambient temperature from KNX by enabling the parameter "Indoor Temperature from KNX".

AC Unit Indoor Temperature Reference:

Temperature to be taken as the basis for air conditioning; Indoor Temperature sending disabled, Indoor Temperature from Knx, Indoor Unit Selects Optimum Temperature Sensor, can be selected.

Special Notes



The values of the air condition internal temperature and setpoint can be sent to the bus on change and/or periodically. By choosing periodically the period of sending can be defined from 1 to 255 seconds.



Setpoint Temperature:

Via the parameter "Limits for setpoint control" it is possible to enable a range for the setpoint to be modified. By enabling this option, the minimum and maximum set points available to send via KNX will be defined in the parameters "Setpoint lower limit" and "Setpoint higher limit". By disabling this option, per default, the lower and higher limits will be limits of the air condition unit.

Via the object "Setpoint Temperature -/+" the setpoint temperature can be modified via a 1-bit object as follow:

- By sending "Up" (Value 0) or "Increase" (Value 1): The setpoint temperature will be increased by steps of 1°C until air condition unit limit or defined higher limit value.
- By sending "Down" (Value 1) or "Decrease" (Value 0): The setpoint temperature will be decreased by steps of 1°C until the air condition unit lower the limit value.

In the following figure, the Temperature configuration parameter page is shown.



3.7.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|---|--|--|
| AC Unit Indoor Temperature Reference | Indoor temperature sending disabled: A/C return temperature selected. | Indoor Temperature Sending Disabled |
| | Indoor temperature from Knx: Temperature supplied from KNX. | Indoor Temperature from Knx |
| | Indoor unit selects optimum temperature sensor: The air conditioner decides the choice between the average return temperature and the temperature supplied from the KNX bus. | Indoor Unit Selects Optimum Temperature Sensor |
| | | |
| Sending of AC internal | This parameter enables the sending of internal | Disabled |
| temperature | temperature value information. | Periodically |
| | Disabled: Temperature information is not sent. | On change |
| | Periodically: Temperature information is sent | Periodically and on change |
| | periodically. On change: Temperature information is sent | |
| | when there is a 1K change in the temperature | |
| | value. | |
| | Periodically and on change: Temperature | |
| | information is sent periodically and this information is sent when there is a 0.5K change | |
| | in the temperature value. | |
| > Period of sending (sec) | This parameter sets the sending period of the | 1255 |
| | internal temperature value in seconds. | |
| | | |
| Sending of AC setpoint | This parameter enables the sending of internal | Periodically |
| temperature | temperature value information. | On change |
| | Periodically: Temperature information is sent | Periodically and on change |
| | periodically. | |
| | On change: Temperature information is sent | |
| | when there is a 1K change in the temperature value. | |
| | Periodically and on change: Temperature | |
| | information is sent periodically and this | |
| | information is sent when there is a 1K change in the temperature value. | |
| | the temperature value. | |



| > Period of sending (sec) | This parameter sets the sending period of the setpoint temperature value in seconds. | 1255 |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| | | |
| Setpoint control +/- object | This parameter enables to change of the desired | Disabled |
| (1-bit) | temperature value as +/- with the 1-bit object. | 1:Increase/0:Decrease |
| | | 0:Up/1:down |
| | | |
| Limits for setpoint control | This parameter enables limits for the setpoint | Disabled |
| | temperature value. | Enabled |
| > Setpoint lower limit | This parameter activates a lower limit for the setpoint temperature value. | 16 18 30 |
| > Setpoint higher limit | This parameter activates a higher limit for the setpoint temperature value. | 16 18 30 |



3.8. Scenes

On this parameter page, up to 5 different scenarios can be configured. Each scene functions are identical and the configuration of each scene permits:

- > The number of scenes (Between 1-64) can be assigned.
- > The air condition unit's on/off values can be set.
- > The air condition unit's AC mode can be configured.
- > Fan levels of the related scene can be specified.
- Vane positions of the related scene can be specified.
- > The setpoint temperature can be set of the scene.
- > The scene can be stored by enabling the storage function.
- > Delay time can be specified for starting the scene.

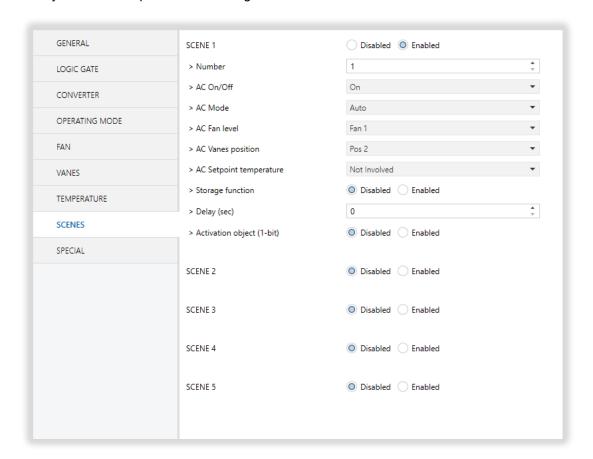


Fig. 19: Scenes Configuration Parameter Page





Via the object "Scene", telegrams that contents the call or store functions of a scene are sent. Up to 1...64 scenario numbers can be selected for 5 scenarios via a single group address. The scenario number telegram must match the pre-configured scenario number in the parameters.

The scene number (1-64), is used to recall the scene via the corresponding object. For storage of the scene, the value sent via the object "Scene" must be 128+scene number. The recall of each scene can be delayed whether a time delay has been previously defined in the parameter window.

Special Notes



After ETS programming, the scene values parameterized for the output concerned will be overwritten into the gateway. It means that any change made by the user will be deleted. Therefore, it is important, before any maintenance, to know the previous scene configuration and whether the user wants to keep operating with that configuration.



3.8.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|---------------------------|--|--------------|
| Scene 1 | This parameter is used to enable or disable the related scenario. | Disabled |
| | | Enabled |
| Scene 5 | | |
| > Number | This parameter is used to specify the scene number of the corresponding scene. | 164 |
| > AC On/Off | This parameter is used to determine the on/off | On |
| | status of the air condition unit for the selected scenario. | Off |
| | Socialio. | Not Involved |
| > AC Mode | This parameter is used to specify the mode of the | Auto |
| | air condition unit for the selected scenario. | Heat |
| | | Cool |
| | | Fan |
| | | Dry |
| | | Not Involved |
| > AC Fan level | This parameter is used to specify the fan level of the air condition unit for the selected scenario. | Fan 1 |
| | | Fan 2 |
| | | Fan 3 |
| | | Fan Auto |
| | | Not Involved |
| > AC Vanes position | This parameter is used to specify the vane | Pos 1 |
| | positions of the air condition unit for the selected scenario. | Pos 2 |
| | | Pos 3 |
| | | Pos 4 |
| | | Pos 5 |
| | | Pos 6 |
| | | Swing |
| | | Not Involved |
| > AC Setpoint temperature | This parameter is used to specify the setpoint | Not Involved |
| | temperature of the selected scenario. | 16℃30°C |



| > Storage function | This parameter is used to save the selected scenario. | Disabled Enabled |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| > Delay (sec) | This parameter is used to set a delay time for starting the selected scene. | 0 255 |
| > Activation object (1-bit) | This parameter is used to enable or disable the activation object to activate the scenario. | Disabled Enabled |



3.9. Special

In this section, special functionalities of the Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway are described. The gateway has 4 different functions for special purposes. Each of them is explained in separate subtitles.

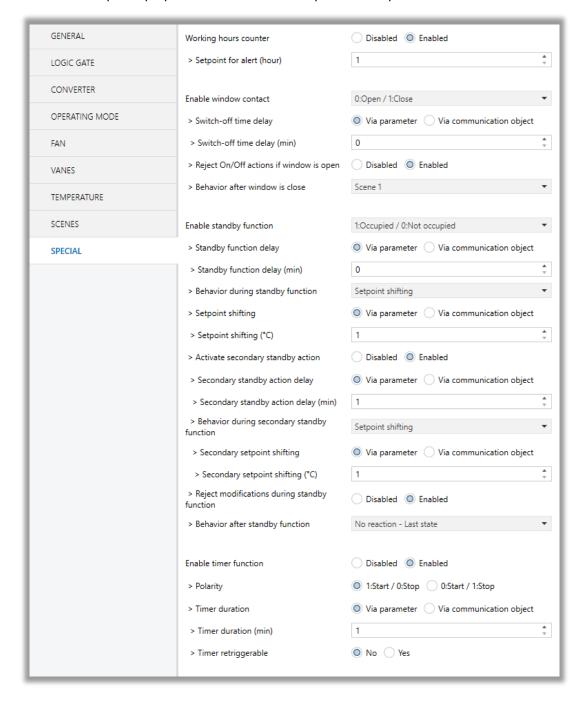


Fig. 20: Special Configuration Parameter Page





<u>Working Hours Counter</u>: This function is used to know the air conditioner's operating hour as "ON" position. When the "ON" status of the air condition unit is counted for one hour, the object value increases "1K". The counter is available to create an alert to warn the user after the desired time later. The counter can be reset via the "Reset Hours Counter" object.

Window Contact: This function is used for window contacts to determine the operation type when the window contacts are open or close. When the "window is open" information is received, it is possible to switch off the air condition unit or activate any predefined scene. However, it is possible to specify a delay time for the operation type to be started or to restrict the On / Off action of the air condition unit. After incoming "window contacts are closed" information, the behaviour of the air condition unit can be selected as one of the predefined scenarios, OFF or the previous state of this function.

Standby Function: This function is used to activate the standby modes for the air condition unit to determine the operation type for the standby modes. During standby function, it is possible to make setpoint shifting, activate any predefined scene or switch off the air condition unit. However, it is possible to specify delay time for operation type to be started or to reject modifications for the air condition unit during standby function. After incoming standby function stop information, the behaviour of the air condition unit can be selected as one of scenario, off or the previous state. Additionally, a secondary standby function is available and the same parameters and object are valid for the secondary standby function.

<u>Timer Function</u>: The timer function switches off the air condition unit after a defined time. Polarity and durations can be determined via sub-parameters of this function. The timer function is also retriggerable and when timer retrigger is enabled, the timer restarts itself for counting for switch off the air condition unit.



3.9.1. Parameters List

| PARAMETERS | DESCRIPTION | VALUES |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Working hours counter | This parameter is used to enable or disable the | Disabled |
| | working hours counter function. | Enabled |
| | | |
| > Setpoint for alert (hour) | This parameter is used to set a setpoint alarm | 165535 |
| | point for the working hours counter of the air conditioner unit. | |
| | | <u>L</u> |
| Enable window contact | This parameter is used to enable or disable the | Disabled |
| | air conditioner unit's window contact function. | 0:Open/1:Close |
| | | 1:Open/0:Close |
| > Switch-off time delay | This parameter is used to specify the switch-off | Via parameter |
| | time delay that is sent via parameter or communication object. | Via communication object |
| > Switch-off time delay (min) | This parameter is used to set delay time in minutes to switch off the air conditioner. | 0 255 |
| > Reject On/Off actions if | This parameter is used to reject on & off actions | Disabled |
| window is open | of the air conditioner unit's when the window is opened. | Enabled |
| > Behaviour after window | This parameter is used to specify the behaviour | No reaction – Last state |
| is close | after window is closed. For instance, one of the configured scenarios can be operated, the | Off |
| | conditioner unit is turned off or the last state is | Scene 1 |
| | maintained. | Scene 2 |
| | | Scene 3 |
| | | Scene 4 |
| | | Scene 5 |
| | | |
| Enable standby function | This parameter is used to enable or disable the standby function. According to occupied or not | Disabled |
| | occupied status, configurations can be made. | 1:Occupied/0:Not occupied |
| | | 1:Start/0:Stop |
| | | |





| > Standby function delay | This parameter is used to specify the standby function delay that is sent via parameter or communication object. | Via parameter Via communication object |
|---|---|---|
| > Standby function delay (min) | This parameter is used to set a delay time in minutes for the standby function. | 0255 |
| > Behaviour during | This parameter is used to configure the | Setpoint shifting |
| standby function | behaviour during the standby function. For | Off |
| | instance, one of the configured scenarios can be operated, the conditioner unit is turned off or the | Scene 1 |
| | last state is maintained. | Scene 2 |
| | | Scene 3 |
| | | Scene 4 |
| | | |
| | | Scene 5 |
| > Setpoint shifting | This parameter is used to specify the setpoint shifting that is sent via parameter or | Via parameter |
| | communication object. | Via communication object |
| > Setpoint shifting (°C) | This parameter is used to set the setpoint shifting temperature value. | 14 |
| > Activate secondary | This parameter is used to enable or disable the | Disabled |
| standby action | secondary standby function. | Enabled |
| > Secondary standby | This parameter is used to specify the secondary | Via parameter |
| action delay | standby action delay that is sent via parameter or communication object. | Via communication object |
| > Secondary standby action delay (min) | This parameter is used to specify the secondary standby action delay in minutes. | 1255 |
| > Behaviour during secondary standby function | This parameter is used to configure the behaviour during the secondary standby function. For instance, one of the configured scenarios can be operated, the conditioner unit is turned off or the last state is maintained. | Setpoint shifting Off Scene 1 Scene 2 Scene 3 Scene 4 Scene 5 |
| > Secondary setpoint | This parameter is used to set the secondary | Via parameter |
| shifting | setpoint shifting temperature value. | Via communication object |
| > Secondary setpoint shifting (°C) | This parameter is used to set the secondary setpoint shifting temperature value. | 14 |



| > Reject modifications during standby function | This parameter is used to enable or disable the reject modifications during the standby function. If this parameter is enabled, no modifications can be allowed in standby mode. | Disabled Enabled |
|--|---|--|
| > Behaviour after standby function | This parameter is used to configure the behaviour during the standby function. For instance, one of the configured scenarios can be operated, the conditioner unit is turned off or the last state is maintained. | No reaction – Last state Off Scene 1 Scene 2 Scene 3 Scene 4 Scene 5 |
| | | |
| Enable timer function | This parameter is used to enable or disable the timer function. | Disabled Enabled |
| > Polarity | This parameter is used to specify the polarity of enabling command the timer function. | 1:Start/0:Stop 0:Start/1:Stop |
| > Timer duration | This parameter is used to specify the timer duration that is sent via parameter or communication object. | Via parameter Via communication object |
| > Timer duration (min) | This parameter is used to set delay time in minutes for the timer function. | 165535 |
| > Timer retriggerable | This parameter is used to restart the timer. | No Yes |



4. ETS Objects List & Descriptions

The Interra Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway can communicate via the KNX bus line. In this section, the group objects of the Interra Arcelik Gateway are described.

ETS group objects are divided into 10 main parts, and these are:

- ❖ General General group objects to the Arcelik Gateway.
- Logic Gate These objects are related to logic gate parameters.
- **Converter** These objects are related to converter parameters.
- Operating Mode These objects are related to operating mode parameters.
- Fan These objects are related to fan parameters.
- Vanes These objects are related to vanes parameters.
- ❖ Temperature These objects are related to temperature parameters.
- ❖ Scenes- These objects are related to scenes parameters.
- ❖ Special These objects are related to special functions.

Special Note



Due to the flexible ETS configurations feature, some group objects are dynamic and they are only visible if the related parameters are activated in the application program.

All of the group objects of Interra Arcelik AC - KNX Gateway are listed below. You can quickly browse through this table to get the functional capabilities of Interra Arcelik Gateway.

The detailed functions of group objects are described in different topics.



4.1. General Objects

This section describes the "general" group objects and their properties. General group objects, as the name suggests, indicate the general characteristics of the Arcelik Gateway.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Alive Beacon | 1:True/0:False | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the present elegrams can be sent cyclically on the K parameter is enabled. | | • | _ |
| Climate On/Off | 1:On/0:Off | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to turn the Gateway desired group address, Gateway can be | - | ermanently. If you | u associate the |
| Feedback Climate On/Off | 1:On/0:Off | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to check the status of associate the desired group address, Ga | - | • | nanently. If you |
| Setpoint Temperature | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT |
| This object is used to set the air conditi temperature can be set to the desired va | • | | - |
| Feedback Setpoint Temperature | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CRT |
| This object is used to check the status o permanently. If you associate the desired | • | | • |
| Feedback Indoor Temperature | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CRT |
| This object is used to check the status of permanently. If you associate the desired | • | | • |
| Feedback Error Alarm | 1:Alarm/0:No Alarm | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to check the status permanently. If there is an error alarm a alarm can be monitored. | | | - |
| Feedback Error Code | Error Code Information | 2 bytes | CRT |
| This object is used to give information ab KNX bus informing about errors. Errors communication errors that may arise. Fo | management handles air conditioner | unit error codes | as well as any |
| Device Control Locking | 1:Enabled / 0:Disabled | 1 bit | CRT |
| | 0:Enabled / 1:Disabled | | |





This object is used to lock the gateway device. When a "1" value is sent to this communication object, the gateway is locked. If a value is sent to the gateway via its communication objects, all values are ignored. For unlocking the gateway, a "0" value must be sent.



4.2. Logic Gate Objects

This section describes the "Logic Gate" group objects and their properties. Logic Gate group objects, as the name suggests, indicate the logical operations that can be made with Arcelik Gateway.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| Logic 1 | Input 1 – Logic Input | 1 bit | CRWT |
| | Input 2 – Logic Input | | |
| | Input 3 – Logic Input | | |
| | Input 4 – Logic Input | | |

This object is used to set the inputs of the logical gate to be used. Logical associations can be made over 1-bit values. The result is obtained according to the type of logical gate selected.

| Logic 1 Outp | ut – Logic Output | 1 bit | CRT |
|--------------|-------------------|-------|-----|
|--------------|-------------------|-------|-----|

This object is used to obtain the result of the logical gate to be used. The output value of the logical gate is 1 bit. The result is obtained according to the type of logical gate selected.

Special Notes



This is a fully compatible KNX device that must be configured and setup using the standard KNX tool ETS. Up to 4 different logic gates can be selected. Each logic gate can be set independently.



4.3. Converter Objects

This section describes the "Converter" group objects and their properties. Converter group objects are used to make mathematical operations and data converting from different types. Up to 8 different converters can be configured.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------|
| Converter 1 | Input (1-Bit) – Converter Input | 1 bit | CRWT |
| | Input (2-Bit) – Converter Input | 2 bits | |
| | Input (1-Byte) – Converter Input | 1 byte | |
| | Input (2-Byte) – Converter Input | 2 bytes | |

This object is used to set the converter inputs to be used. The conversion processes can be made via 1 bit, 2bit, 1 byte and 2-byte values. The result is obtained according to the input type of the selected converter.

| Converter 1 | Input (1-Bit) – Converter Output | 1 bit | CRWT |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------|------|
| | Input (2-Bit) – Converter Output | 2 bits | |
| | Input (1-Byte) – Converter Output | 1 byte | |
| | Input (2-Byte) – Converter Output | 2 bytes | |

This object is used to obtain the result of the converter to be used. The output value of the converter can be 1 bit, 2-bit, 1 byte and 2 bytes. The result is obtained according to the configuration of the selected converter.



4.4. Operating Mode Objects

This section describes the "Operating Mode" group objects and their properties. Heat, cool, dry, auto and fan mode communication objects are described. Also, simple heating-cooling mode and summer, winter, energy saver and power saver mode objects are clarified.

| saver and power saver mode objects are clarified. | | | |
|---|--|------------------|----------------|
| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags |
| Operating Mode | 0:Aut/1:Hea/3:Coo/9:Fan/14:Dry | 1 byte | CWT |
| This object is used to set the operating r 1, COOL with 3, FAN with 9, and DRY wi | | select AUTO witl | n 0, HEAT with |
| Feedback Operating Mode | 0:Aut/1:Hea/3:Coo/9:Fan/14:Dry | 1 byte | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the status is AUTO, with value 1 the status is HEAT value 14 the status is DRY can be under | , with value 3 status is COOL, with va | | |
| Operating Mode Heat/Cool | 1:Heat/0:Cool 0:Heat/1:Cool | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to set the operating m 1-bit object will be enabled. It allows es object and Heat mode, writing the value | tablishing the desired mode: Cool mo | • | |
| Feedback Operating Mode Heat/Cool | 1:Heat/0:Cool | 1 bit | CRT |

Feedback Operating Mode Heat/Cool 1:Heat/0:Cool 1 bit CRT 0:Heat/1:Cool

This object is used to check the operating mode of the air conditioner unit.

Heating Mode Percent Value 0%:Off/1%-100%:On+Heat 1 byte CWT

This object is used to change operating mode to heat via incoming percentage value. It also provides compatibility with KNX thermostats that control the demand for heating or cooling by using percentage values. In these thermostats, the percentage demand is meant to be applied on a fluid valve of the heating/cooling system. If a non-zero value is received (>0%) the indoor unit will switch on to Heat mode.

Cooling Mode Percent Value 0%:Off/1%-100%:On+Cool 1 byte CWT

This object is used to change operating mode to cool via incoming percentage value. It also provides compatibility with KNX thermostats that control the demand for heating or cooling by using percentage values. In these thermostats, the percentage demand is meant to be applied on a fluid valve of the heating/cooling system. If a non-zero value is received (>0%) the indoor unit will switch on to Cool mode.

| Individual Mode Auto 1:Set | Mode Auto/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------|-----|
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------|-----|

This object is used to change the air conditioner's operating mode to auto mode via a 1-bit object individually. If the value 1 is sent over the 1-bit value, the air conditioning unit will switch to automatic mode.



| Feedback Individual Mode Auto | 1:Auto | 1 bit | CRT |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------|
| This object is used to monitor the air co operating mode is auto. | ndition unit status individually. If value | 1 is received | from this object, the |
| Individual Mode Heat | 1:Set Mode Heat/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to change the air co | | | t object individually. |
| Feedback Individual Mode Heat | 1:Heat | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the air co operating mode is heating. | ndition unit status individually. If value | 1 is received | from this object, the |
| Individual Mode Cool | 1:Set Mode Cool/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to change the air co | | | t object individually. |
| Feedback Individual Mode Cool | 1:Cool | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the air co operating mode is cool. | ndition unit status individually. If value | 1 is received | from this object, the |
| Individual Mode Fan | 1:Set Mode Heat/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to change the air co | | | bbject individually. If |
| Feedback Individual Mode Fan | 1:Fan | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the air co operating mode is the fan. | ndition unit status individually. If value | 1 is received | from this object, the |
| Individual Mode Dry | 1:Set Mode Dry/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to change the air co | | | object individually. If |
| Feedback Individual Mode Dry | 1:Dry | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the air co operating mode is dry. | ndition unit status individually. If value | 1 is received | from this object, the |
| Operating Mode +/- | 1:Increase/0:Decrease | 1 bit | CWT |
| | 1 | | |

This object changes between operating modes as +/- via 1-bit value. This object is used to switch between the operating modes of the air conditioning unit in a loop. If a continuous value is sent in the increasing direction, it follows the following sequence and returns to the beginning when reaches the last mode.

CWT

1 bit



1:Increase: auto->heat->cool->fan->dry

0:Decrease: dry -> fan -> cool -> heat -> auto

Operating Mode +/- 0:Up/1:Down 1 bit CWT

This object changes between operating modes as +/- via 1-bit value. This object is used to switch between the operating modes of the air conditioning unit in a loop. If a continuous value is sent in the increasing direction, it follows the following sequence and returns to the beginning when reaches the last mode.

0:Up : auto->heat->cool->fan->dry

a value of 0 stops.

Feedback Power Saver Mode

| 1:Down: dry -> fan -> cool -> heat -> aut | 0 | | | |
|---|--|--------------------|------------------|--|
| Feedback Operating Mode Text | Operating Mode Text | 14 bytes | CRT | |
| This object is used to monitor the operation mode of the air conditioning unit in text format via the KNX bus line. Naming can be made for each operating mode with a length of 14 bytes. | | | | |
| Energy Saver Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to initiate energy saver mode. If a value of 1 is sent over this object, energy mode starts, and a value of 0 stops. | | | | |
| Feedback Energy Saver Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to determine if the air conditioner unit is in energy saver mode. | | | | |
| Energy Saver Mode Time Duration | 0-255 min | 1 byte | CWT | |
| This object is used to determine how long can be set with a 1-byte value. | the air conditioner unit stays in energy | saver mode. Up | to 255 minutes | |
| Energy Saver Mode Setpoint Shifting | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT | |
| This object is used to determine the sl between 1-4 can be selected for shifting. | | emperature settir | ng. The values | |
| Energy Save Mode Fan Speed | 1:Fan1/2:Fan2/3:Fan3 | 1 byte | CWT | |
| This object is used to determine the fan speed 2, and 3 for fan speed 3 must be s | | e of 1 for fan spe | eed 1, 2 for fan | |
| Power Saver Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT | |

This object is used to determine if the air conditioner unit is in power saver mode.

This object is used to initiate power saver mode. If a value of 1 is sent over this object, power mode starts, and

1:Start/0:Stop



| Power Saver Time Duration | 0-255 min | 1 byte | CWT |
|---|---|----------------------|--------------------|
| This object is used to determine how lo can be set with a 1-byte value. | ng the air conditioner unit stays in p | oower saver mode. | Up to 255 minute |
| Power Saver Mode Setpoint Shifting | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT |
| This object is used to determine the smode. The values between 1-4 can be | | temperature settin | gs of power save |
| Power Saver Mode Fan Speed | 1:Fan1/2:Fan2/3:Fan3 | 1 byte | CWT |
| This object is used to determine the fa | | A value of 1 for fan | speed 1, 2 for fa |
| Winter Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to initiate winter mod of 0 stops. | de. If a value of 1 is sent over this o | bject, winter mode | starts, and a valu |
| Feedback Winter Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to determine if the a | air conditioner unit is in winter mod | le. | |
| Winter Mode Time Duration | 0-255 min | 1 byte | CWT |
| This object is used to determine how lo | ong the air conditioner unit stays in | winter mode. Up t | o 255 minutes ca |
| Winter Mode Setpoint Shifting | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT |
| This object is used to determine the shi values between 1-4 can be selected fo | • • | perature settings o | f winter mode. Th |
| Winter Mode Fan Speed | 1:Fan1/2:Fan2/3:Fan3 | 1 byte | CWT |
| This object is used to determine the far and 3 for fan speed 3 must be sent. | n speed for winter mode. A value o | of 1 for fan speed 1 | , 2 for fan speed |
| Summer Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to initiate summer r value of 0 stops. | node. If a value of 1 is sent over th | is object, summer | mode starts, and |
| Feedback Summer Mode | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to determine if the a | air conditioner unit is in summer m | ode. | |
| | | | |



| Summer Mode Setpoint Shifting | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------|
| This object is used to determine the The values between 1-4 can be sel | e shifting value for making setpoint te ected for shifting. | emperature settings | of summer mode. |
| Summer Mode Fan Speed | 1:Fan1/2:Fan2/3:Fan3 | 1 byte | CWT |

This object is used to determine the fan speed for summer mode. A value of 1 for fan speed 1, 2 for fan speed 2, and 3 for fan speed 3 must be sent.



4.5. Fan Group Objects

In this section, fan group objects and their properties are described.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags | |
|---|--|---------------------|------------------|--|
| Fan Speed Percent | Threshold defined in parameter | 1 byte | CWT | |
| This object is used to set fan speeds in percentages. 3 different fan speeds can be configured according to the specified threshold values. For example, select Fan 1 lower limit is 30% and fan 2 lower limit is 55%. If a 25% value is sent over this object, fan speed will be fan1, if 45% value is sent, fan speed will be fan2. | | | | |
| Fan Speed Enumerated | 0:Auto3:Speed3 | 1 byte | CWT | |
| This object is used to determine the fan s fan speed will be fan 1. | peed by selecting between 1-3 values | . For example, if | value 1 is sent, | |
| Feedback Fan Speed Enumerated | 0:Auto3:Speed3 | 1 byte | CRT | |
| This object is used to receive current fan | speed in between 1-3 values. | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | |
| Fan Speed Auto/Manual | 1:Auto/0:Manual | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to determine the fan mode will be activated. On contrary, if va | • | | s sent, the auto | |
| Feedback Fan Speed Auto/Manual | 1:Auto/0:Manual | 1 bit | CRT | |
| This object is used to receive the current | fan speed status of the air conditione | r unit as auto or r | nanual. | |
| Individual Fan Speed 1 | 1:Set Fan Speed 1/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to select fan speed 1 | individually. If a value 1 is sent, the fa | n speed will be fa | an 1. | |
| Individual Fan Speed 2 | 1:Set Fan Speed 2/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to select fan speed 2 | individually. If a value 1 is sent, the fa | n speed will be fa | an 2. | |
| Individual Fan Speed 3 | 1:Set Fan Speed 3/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to select fan speed 3 by individually. If a value 1 is sent, the fan speed will be fan 3. | | | | |
| Feedback Individual Fan Speed 1 | 1:Fan Speed 1 | 1 bit | CRT | |
| This object is used to monitor the fan speed 1 of the air conditioner. | | | | |
| Feedback Individual Fan Speed 2 | 1:Fan Speed 2 | 1 bit | CRT | |



| This object is used to monitor the fan speed 2 of the air conditioner. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Feedback Individual Fan Speed 3 1:Fan Speed 3 1 bit CRT | | | | |
| This object is used to monitor the fan speed 3 of the air conditioner. | | | | |
| Fan Speed +/- 1:Increase/0:Decrease 1 bit CWT | | | | |

This object is used to change between fan speed levels with a 1-bit value. If a continuous value is sent in the increasing direction, it follows the following sequence. Additionally, if the "Loop the sequence" parameter is activated, increasing or decreasing that returns the mode to the beginning when it reaches the last mode.

1:Increase: auto->fan speed 1->fan speed 2->fan speed 3

0:Decrease: Fan speed 3->fan speed 2->fan speed 1->auto

| Fan Speed +/- | 0:Up/1:Down | 1 bit | CWT |
|---------------|-------------|-------|-----|
| | | | |

This object is used to change between fan speed levels with a 1-bit value. If a continuous value is sent in the increasing direction, it follows the following sequence. Additionally, if the "Loop the sequence" parameter is activated, increasing or decreasing that returns the mode to the beginning when it reaches the last mode.

1:Up: auto->fan speed 1->fan speed 2->fan speed 3

0:Down: Fan speed 3->fan speed 2->fan speed 1->auto

| Feedback Fan Speed Text | Fan Speed Text | 14 bytes | CRT |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------|-----|
|-------------------------|----------------|----------|-----|

This object is used to receive the air conditioner unit's fan speed status via text format. For each fan speed status(auto, fan speed1, fan speed2, fan speed3) up to 14 bytes are allowed to determine the name of the fan speeds.



4.6. Vanes Group Objects

In this section, vane group objects and their properties are described.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags |
|---|--------------------------------|--------|-------|
| Vane Position Percent | Threshold defined in parameter | 1 byte | CWT |
| This object is used to set vane positions in percentages. At least 4 different fan speeds can be configured according to the specified threshold values. For example, select vane position 1 lower limit is 24% and vane position 2 lower limit is 48%. If a 15% value is sent over this object, the vane position will be position 1, if 39% | | | |

| Vane Position Enumerated | 1:Pos16:Pos6 | 1 byte | CWT |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------|
| This object is used to determine the vane vane positions are 5 and if value 3 is sent | | -5 values. For ex | ample, available |
| Feedback Vane Position Enumerated | 1:Pos16:Pos6 | 1 byte | CRT |
| This object is used to receive the current | vane position in between 1-6 values. | | |
| Vane Set Position 1 | 1:Set Position 1/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to select vane position | n 1 individually. If a value 1 is sent, the | e vane position v | vill be position 1. |
| Vane Set Position 2 | 1:Set Position 2/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to select vane position | n 2 individually. If a value 1 is sent, the | e vane position v | vill be position 2. |
| Vane Set Position 3 | 1:Set Position 3/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to select vane position 3. | n 3 by individually. If a value 1 is sent, | the vane positio | n will be position |
| Vane Set Position 4 | 1:Set Position 4/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to select vane position | n 4 individually. If a value 1 is sent, the | e vane position w | vill be position 4. |
| Vane Set Position 5 | 1:Set Position 5/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to select vane position | n 5 individually. If a value 1 is sent, the | e vane position w | vill be position 5. |
| Vane Set Position 6 | 1:Set Position 6/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to select vane position 6. | n 6 by individually. If a value 1 is sent, | the vane positio | n will be position |
| Feedback Vanes Set Position 1 | 1:Position 1 | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the vane po | osition 1 of the air conditioner. | | |
| | | | |



| This object is used to monitor the van | e position 2 of the air conditioner. | | |
|--|--|---------------|-------------------------|
| Feedback Vanes Set Position 3 | 1:Position 3 | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the van | e position 3 of the air conditioner. | | |
| Feedback Vanes Set Position 4 | 1:Position 4 | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the van | e position 4 of the air conditioner. | ' | |
| Feedback Vanes Set Position 5 | 1:Position 5 | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the van | e position 5 of the air conditioner. | | |
| Feedback Vanes Set Position 6 | 1:Position 6 | 1 bit | CRT |
| This object is used to monitor the var | e position 6 of the air conditioner. | | |
| Vanes Set Swing | 1:Swing/0:Off | 1 bit | CWT |
| • | g function for the vanes. If a value 1 is I is sent, the vanes will stop the swing | | es will start swinging. |
| Feedback Vanes Swing | 1:Swing/0:Off | 1 bit | CWT |
| This object is used to receive information | ion about the vanes are swinging or no | ot. | |
| Vane Position +/- | 1:Increase/0:Decrease | 1 bit | CWT |
| increasing direction, it follows the follows | n vane position levels with a 1-bit value lowing sequence. Additionally, if the at returns the mode to the beginning w | "Loop the seq | uence" parameter is |
| 1:Increase : pos 1->pos 2->pos 3->po | s 4->pos 5->pos 6->SWING | | |
| 0:Decrease : SWING->pos 6->pos 5- | >pos 4->pos 3->pos 2->pos 1 | | |

| Vane Position +/- | 0:Up/1:Down | 1 bit | CWT |
|-------------------|-------------|-------|-----|
| | | | |

This object is used to change between vane position levels with a 1-bit value. If a continuous value is sent in the increasing direction, it follows the following sequence. Additionally, if the "Loop the sequence" parameter is activated, increasing or decreasing that returns the mode to the beginning when it reaches the last mode.

0:Up: pos 1->pos 2->pos 3->pos 4->pos 5->pos 6->SWING

1:Down: SWING->pos 6->pos 5->pos 4->pos 3->pos 2->pos 1

| Feedback Vanes Position Text | Vanes Position Text | 14 bytes | CRT |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----|
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----|

This object is used to receive the air conditioner unit's van position status via text format. For each vane position status (auto, pos1, pos2, pos3, pos4, pos5, pos6, SWING) up to 14 bytes are allowed to determine the name of the vane positions.



4.7. Temperature Group Objects

In this section, temperature group objects and their properties are described.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags | |
|---|---|--------------------|------------------|--|
| Setpoint Temperature | Temperature(Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT | |
| This object is used to modify the setpoint value. | temperature to be sent to the AC indo | oor unit according | g to the desired | |
| Feedback Setpoint Temperature | Temperature(Celsius) | 2 bytes | CRT | |
| This object is used to monitor the air con | ditioner unit setpoint temperature fron | n the KNX bus lin | e. | |
| Setpoint Temperature +/- | 1:Increase/0:Decrease | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to change the setpoint temperature by increasing or decreasing by a 1-bit value. If a continuous value is sent in the increasing direction, it is increased up to the highest temperature value. Likewise, if a continuous value is sent in the decreasing direction, it is decreased up to the lowest temperature value. | | | | |
| Setpoint Temperature +/- | 0:Up/1:Down | 2 bytes | CWT | |
| This object is used to change the setp continuous value is sent in the increasing if a continuous value is sent in the decrease. | direction, it is increased up to the high | est temperature v | alue. Likewise, | |
| KNX Ambient Temperature | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CRWT | |
| This object is used to receive the KNX ambient temperature from the KNX bus line. This option only works when the Arcelik Gateway operates in master mode. | | | | |
| Feedback Indoor Temperature | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CRT | |
| This object is used to read the indoor temperature from the air conditioner internal unit. | | | | |



4.8. Scene Group Objects

In this section, scene group objects and their properties are described.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|
| Scene | 1-64:Run/128+Scene:Storage | 1 byte | CWT |

This object is used to execute or store a scenario with a specified scenario number. According to the KNX scenario numbers could be between 1-64. If a scenario wanted to be stored, the scenario number + 128 value must be sent. Also, this object is always visible.

| Scene 15 Run | 1:Run Scene/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------|-----|
| | | | I |

This object is used to run the associated scenario number 1 to 5. These scenario numbers are listed on the scene parameter page.

| Scene 15 Storage | 1:Storage Scene/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT |
|------------------|---------------------------|-------|-----|
| <u> </u> | | | |

This object is used to record the current status of the air conditioner unit to the desired scenario from 1 to 5. The desired scenario number (e.g., 68) can be assigned to these scenes.

| Feedback Current Scene | 1-64:Current Scene | 1 byte | CRT |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------|------|
| r ceabaok carrent coerie | 1 04.0dirent docne | T Byte | 0111 |

This object is used to view the current scene of the air conditioner unit. Scene values can be monitored from the KNX bus line. According to KNX standards scene values should be between 1-64.



4.9. Special Group Objects

In this section, special functions group objects and their properties are described.

| Object Name | Function | Туре | Flags | |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Feedback Working Hours Counter | Working Hours Counter | 2 bytes | CRT | |
| This object is used to detect the air cond starts to work, the working hours counter | | mode. When the | air conditioner | |
| Feedback Working Hours Alert | 1:Alarm/0:No Alarm | 1 bit | CRT | |
| This object is used to view the air conditioner unit's alert status when the specified working hours operation period ends. Counter creates an alert to warn the user. | | | | |
| Reset Hours Counter | 1:Reset/0:Nothing | 1 bit | CWT | |
| This object is used to reset the counted hours by the working hours counter function. If a value 1 is sent via this object, the working hours counter will be reset. | | | | |
| Window Contact Status | 0:Open/1:Close | 1 bit | CRWT | |
| | 1:Open/0:Close | | | |
| This object is used to receive the status means from the parameter page. | of the window contact. It can be con | nfigured which va | alue to which it | |
| Window Switch-Off Delay | 0-255 min | 1 byte | CWT | |
| This object is used to switch off the air co | ondition unit according to delay time in | minutes by a 1-l | oyte value. | |
| Standby Function | 1:Occupied/0:Not Occupied | 1 bit | CWT | |
| | 1:Start/0:Stop | | | |
| This object is used to control the standby function of the air conditioner unit. The object also can be parameterized as start/stop or occupied/not occupied. | | | | |
| Feedback Standby Function | 1:Occupied/0:Not Occupied | 1 bit | CRT | |
| | 1:Start/0:Stop | | | |
| This object is used to view the air condition unit's standby function status. | | | | |
| Standby Function Delay | 0-255 min | 1 byte | CWT | |
| This object is used to set the delay time of the air conditioner unit's standby function. | | | | |
| Standby Function Setpoint Shifting | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT | |
| This object is used to set the setpoint shifting of the air conditioner unit's standby function. | | | | |
| Standby Function Secondary Delay | 0-255 min | 1 byte | CWT | |



| Standby Function Secondary Setpoint Shifting | Temperature (Celsius) | 2 bytes | CWT |
|--|---|----------------------|-----------|
| This object is used to set the setpoint shi | fting of the air conditioner unit's | secondary standby | function. |
| Timer Function | 1:Start/0:Stop | 1 bit | CWT |
| | 0:Start/1:Stop | | |
| | | | |
| This object is used to control the timer ful determined with which value will be used | nction of the air conditioner unit | • | • |
| • | nction of the air conditioner unit | • | • |
| determined with which value will be used | nction of the air conditioner unit Value 1 can be start function o | or stop according to | settings. |
| determined with which value will be used | nction of the air conditioner unit Note: Value 1 can be start function of the air conditioner unit 1:Start/0:Stop 0:Start/1:Stop | or stop according to | settings. |



Appendix

| Error Code KNX | Error Code in Remote Controller Unit | Error Definition |
|----------------------|--|---|
| 1 | 1 | Room air sensor fault |
| 2 | 2 | Indoor unit pipe in sensor fault |
| 3 | 3 | Communication fault between the wired remote controller and indoor unit |
| 4 | 4 | Drain pump fault |
| 5 | 5 | Communication fault between indoor unit and outdoor unit |
| 6 | 6 | Indoor unit pipe out sensor fault |
| 7 | 7 | Indoor unit mode runs on opposite to outdoor unit |
| 8 | 8 | N/A |
| 9 | 9 | EEPROM memory fault |
| 10 | 10 | BLDC motor signal fault or motor lock |
| 11 | 11 | HEX middle point sensor fault |
| 12 | 12 | Heater terminal block sensor fault |
| 13 | 13 | N/A |
| 14 | 14 | N/A |
| 15 | 15 | N/A |
| 16 | 16 | N/A |
| 17 | 17 | Outlet air sensor fault |
| 18 | 18 | Return air sensor fault |
| 19 | 19 | No communication response from sub-PCB to main PCB |
| 20 | 20 | No communication response from main PCB to sub-PCB |
| 21 | 21 | IPM fault |
| 22 | 22 | AC input is over current (RMS) |
| 23 | 23 | DC link low or high voltage |
| 24 | 24 | High pressure or low pressure switch on |
| 25 | 25 | High/low input voltage |
| | | |

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| 26 | 26 | Compressor start failure |
|----|----|--|
| 27 | 27 | PSC/PFC fault |
| 28 | 28 | DC link high voltage |
| 29 | 29 | Overcurrent at compressor input |
| 32 | 32 | Discharge temperature is high at inverter compressor |
| 33 | 33 | Discharge temperature is high at constant speed compressor |
| 34 | 34 | High pressure is too high |
| 35 | 35 | Low pressure is too low |
| 36 | 36 | The compression ratio is too low |
| 39 | 39 | Communication fault between PFC and inverter PCB |
| 40 | 40 | CT sensor fault |
| 41 | 41 | Discharge sensor at inverter compressor is the fault |
| 42 | 42 | The low-pressure sensor is the fault |
| 43 | 43 | The high-pressure sensor is the fault |
| 44 | 44 | Air sensor at outdoor unit is the fault |
| 45 | 45 | HEX sensor at outdoor unit is the fault |
| 46 | 46 | Compressor suction sensor is the fault |
| 47 | 47 | Discharge sensor at constant speed compressor is the fault |
| 48 | 48 | HEX outlet sensor at outdoor unit is the fault |
| 49 | 49 | IPM temperature sensor is the fault |
| 50 | 50 | Missing phase among 3 phase |
| 51 | 51 | Over combination ratio |
| 52 | 52 | No communication from inverter PCB detected at main PCB |
| 53 | 53 | Communication fault between indoor and outdoor unit |
| 54 | 54 | The reverse-phase is detected |
| 57 | 57 | No communication from main PCB detected at inverter PCB |
| 59 | 59 | Wrong outdoor unit combination |
| 60 | 60 | Inverter EEPROM memory fault |
| 61 | 61 | Outdoor pipe temperature is too high |
| 62 | 62 | IPM temperature is too high |

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| 65 | 65 | IPM temperature sensor is the fault |
|-----|-----|--|
| 67 | 67 | Fan locked or fan start failure |
| 69 | 69 | CT sensor of constant speed compressor 1 is the fault |
| 70 | 70 | CT sensor of constant speed compressor 2 is the fault |
| 71 | 71 | PFC CT sensor fault |
| 72 | 72 | Function error of outdoor 4way valve. (reversing valve) |
| 73 | 73 | DC peak current is over |
| 74 | 74 | Unbalance at 3 phase |
| 75 | 75 | Fan CT sensor fault |
| 76 | 76 | Fan DC link voltage is high |
| 77 | 77 | Fan input voltage is high |
| 78 | 78 | Fan hall sensor fault |
| 79 | 79 | Fan motor start failure |
| 86 | 86 | Main PCB EEPROM is fault |
| 87 | 87 | Fan PCB EEPROM is fault |
| 88 | 88 | PFC PCB EEPROM is fault |
| 90 | 90 | Inlet temperature sensor of external PCB is fault |
| 91 | 91 | The outlet temperature sensor of the external PCB is the fault |
| 104 | 104 | No Communication from the slave is detected |
| 105 | 105 | Communication fault between fan and inverter PCB |
| 106 | 106 | Fan PCB IOM fault |
| 107 | 107 | Fan DC link voltage is low |
| 113 | 113 | Liquid pipe sensor fault |
| 114 | 114 | Subcooling inlet pipe sensor fault |
| 115 | 115 | Subcooling outlet pipe sensor fault |
| 116 | 116 | Oil level sensor fault |
| 145 | 145 | No communication from external PCB is detected at the main PCB |
| 151 | 151 | 4-way valve failure |
| 153 | 153 | Upper HEX sensor fault |
| 154 | 154 | Bottom HEX sensor fault |



| 173 | 173 | Over / low current at constant speed compressor 1 |
|-----|-----|---|
| 174 | 174 | Over / low current at constant speed compressor 2 |
| 182 | 182 | Communication fault between main and sub micom in external PCB |
| 187 | 187 | Hydrokit water temperature sensor fault |
| 190 | 190 | Inverter PCB heat sink temperature is high |
| 191 | 191 | Inverter PCB heat sink temperature sensor fault |
| 193 | 193 | Fan PCB heat sink temperature is high |
| 194 | 194 | Fan PCB heat sink temperature sensor fault |
| 200 | 200 | Auto piping failure |
| 201 | 201 | Fault at liquid pipe sensor of HR unit |
| 202 | 202 | Fault at subcooling inlet pipe sensor of HR unit |
| 203 | 203 | Fault at subcooling outlet pipe sensor of HR unit |
| 204 | 204 | No communication from the outdoor unit is detected at the HR unit |
| 205 | 205 | HR unit addresses are duplicated |
| 237 | 237 | No response from the outdoor unit modem at the indoor unit modem |
| 238 | 238 | No response from the outdoor unit at the outdoor unit modem |

Special Notes



If you encounter an error code not listed in this table, please contact your nearest Arcelik technical service.



CONTACT INFORMATION

THE INTERRA WEBSITE

Interra provides documentation support via our web site www.interratechnology.com. This website is used as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favourite Internet browser, the website contains the following information:

- Information about our products and projects.
- Overview of Interra company and values.
- Product Support: Datasheets, product manuals, application descriptions, latest software releases, ETS databases and archived software.

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